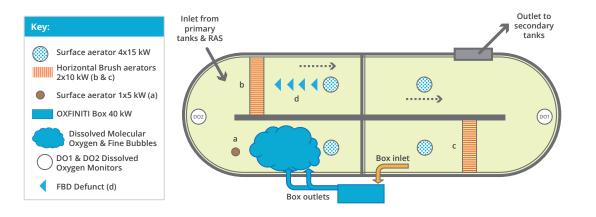
Wick St Lawrence ASP Trial

This serves approximately 20,000 PE. It uses four surface, one floating and two paddle aerators.



Aeration Issues

- The activated sludge process was struggling at times owing to high loads receiving insufficient aeration.
- At frequent peak load times the ditch was under-aerated, resulting in high ammonia levels.
- The system was incapable of consistently meeting Dissolved Oxygen (DO) targets despite additional aerators being added.
- Inlet flows to the works varied fivefold impacting oxidation levels.

Objectives

- Measure energy consumption
- Identify power requirements
- Measure sludge Volumes
- Evaluate effect of Oxfiniti on ditch health

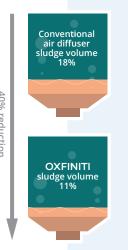
Results

- Reduced aeration energy consumption by 21% (258 kWh) a day without any optimisation.
- Max power requirements lower surface aerators 60kW Oxfiniti 40kW,
- Sludge volumes reduced from 18% to 11%, a 40% reduction. This lowers operational costs by reducing sludge handling, transportation and disposal costs
- Water guality and plant health significant improvements in visual appearance of secondary clarifiers.
- Significant reduction in ammonia levels. Lower levels compared to the existing surface aeration system. The more readily available molecular dissolved oxygen meant that the solids are more effectively digested by the micro-organisms

Application	Туре	OXFINITI Benefits
Municipal Wastewater	Supplement/ Retrofit to existing aeration systems New systems	Improved basin health & Improved Dissolved O Reduced ammonia ni Reduced sludge Energy reduction profile 30%+ reductions in u Further reductions w Energy optimisation: (example: utilise RAS System Closed loop – no imp Rapid installation Low maintenance
Industrial Wastewater	Wastewater	CBOD – similar benefits to • Pulp & paper: improv COD – depends upon app
Concrete Production	Reduction in cement use Improved performance	In tests in cement usage of capabilities: • Shortened cure times • Improved strength • Major impact on gree
Aquaculture	Aeration	The DO lifecycle tenor un product mortality The easier accessibility of
Emergency Oxygen Supply	Spills	Fast response to provide

POSITIVE SLUDGE CONSOLIDATION

POWER REQUIREMENTS



Potential Reduction in Carbon Emissions

WASTEWATER TREATMENT - Assumptions

- The water industry accounts for 6.34 GWh per day equivalent to 2314 GWh per annum.*
- 545 tonnes of CO₂ produced per GWh**
- Aeration used in ASP plants represents 60% of total energy costs = 1388 GWh***

* Parliamentary Office of Science and Technology ** Carbon Trust *** Soares 2008

- in health & performance
- Dissolved Oxygen levels (DO)
- ammonia nitrogen



- luctions in usage compared to conventional aeration
- eductions with control & customization
- otimisation: Value engineer with specific installed systems : utilise RAS return system and pumps)
- oop no impact to plant hydraulics
- tallation
- ntenance
- r benefits to above aper: improve basin health and reduce colour, etc.
- ds upon application
- nent usage was reduced by 15%+ with similar performance
- ed cure times improving construction efficiencies strength
- pact on greenhouse gas due to reduced cement usage
- cle tenor under Oxfiniti reduces low DO zones improving
- essibility of the oxygen improves product growth rate
- to provide oxygen for milk and other spills in rivers

- **OXFINITI** mobile water treatment plant saves 30% energy in 10% of UK ASP plants: 1388 × 0.3 × 0.1 GWh = 42GWh
- This equates to 22,890 tonnes CO_2 per annum (42 × 545 tonnes)



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ENERGY EFFICIENT AERATION USING LOW PRESSURE OXYGEN





OXFINITI MOBILE WATER TREATMENT PLANT

The **OXFINITI** Mobile Super Oxygenation Water Treatment Plant uses 5 innovations to improve the operational efficiency of the activated sludge process (ASP) and concrete production. It injects 93% pure oxygen, generated within the 20 foot container, at low pressures into a wastewater stream.

The technology changes the wastewater's physical properties. A bespoke designed carburettor (based on advanced aerospace fuel systems) it creates a very efficient shear mixing environment of oxygen-wastewater. Injected oxygen is held in solution as ultra fine bubbles, treating wastewater more efficiently than any other process. It remains suspended in solution longer and is more easily accessible to the microbes.

It is a radical new approach to treat wastewater than any other process delivering consistently high dissolved oxygen transfer levels. It saves significant energy by up to 30%, lowers carbon emissions, reduces sludge volumes by up to 40%, lowers ammonia levels and improves plant health.





FEATURES

93% Oxygen

njected into the waste water stream at low pressures

55% Ultra Fine Bubbles More active in the treatment process

Novel treatment train

No drop off in oxygen efficiency or performance

Simple Installation

Easily retrofitted to existing installations - Plug & Play

No periodic maintenance

Low maintenance and operational costs

Independently tested

Used by two water utilities to improve DO levels

Safe & cost effective

No dangerous liquid oxygen or high pressures

Reduction in Health and Safety Risks

Entire process within secure containe

Applications

- All biological treatment processes requiring oxygen injection
- ASP's including ditches and aeration lanes
- Activated sludge processes (ASP)
- Concrete Production
- Rivers and waterways during pollution incidents

ASP aeration issues OXFINITI solves

- Conventional ASPs frequently struggle to maintain DO target levels due to higher than normal or design loading culminating in insufficient aeration.
- At peak load times ASP's can become under aerated which often results in high ammonia levels.
- Increasing the number of aerators in existing systems will not necessarily increase aeration and the capacity to meet DO targets.

A flexible solution

The **OXFINITI** plant delivers 1000kg/day of 93% pure oxygen. Units are installed in plug and play self-contained 20 foot ISO containers. They can be:

- integrated into a SCADA system or operated independently
- controlled to deliver a base load or to deliver oxygen in response to changing dissolved oxygen demands by within the ASP.

Oxygen (93% pure) at low pressures is directly injected from an on board generator into a side stream taken from an ASP. The super-oxygenated stream is then re-introduced into the ASP downstream of the take-off point. This increases DO levels extremely quickly and to the desired levels.

Easy installation

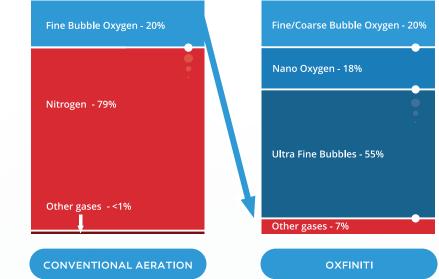
- No interference with existing infrastructure
- Single or multiple systems
- Can supplement existing base loads

Ultra Fine Bubbles means better DO

At least 60% of its dissolved oxygen is delivered in an ultra fine bubble form, rather than as 'bubbles' as in conventional aerators. These ultra fine bubbles enable a vastly greater and more efficient oxygen take up by the microbes improving microbe health.

Standard aeration efficiency in process Oxygen Transfer Rates (OTR) are typically measured in Clean Water at standard conditions (SOTR), and then taking the power (P) usage into consideration are expressed as 'Aeration Efficiencies' (AE=OTR/P).

For different conventional aerators (i.e. FBD, SA, Jet, etc.) these AE's at standard conditions (SAE) are compared on a 'like-for-like' basis by process designers in selecting aeration technology. However, in process conditions, these AE's are significantly higher by up to 75% in the Oxfiniti process when compared with fine bubble diffusers. This is due to the presence of high levels (000's mg/l) of suspended solids in fine bubble diffuser systems.







BENEFITS

30% Energy saving compared to conventional aeration Lower sludge volumes and

ammonia levels

Oxygen is more active Persists longer in solution - days not hours

Improves efficiency of activated sludge process

93% O_2 is used rather than just 21% with conventional aerators

> Basin health improvements

Flexible Super Oxygenation

Can supplement existing ration systems or be the prime oxygenation source

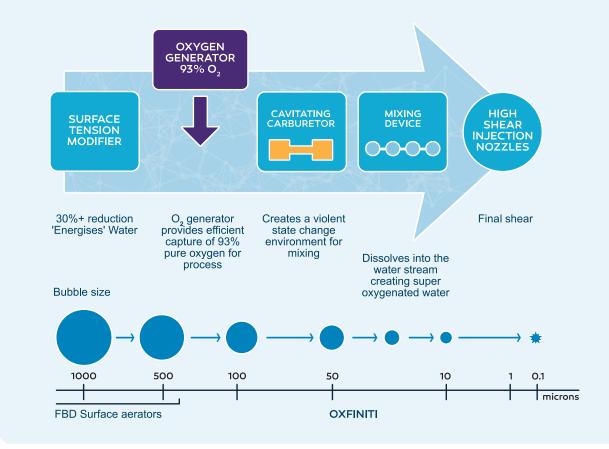
More robust and reliable than existing aeration systems

Mobile system enables fast and easy installation 12-24 hours set up

Small footprint Easily relocated within 24 hours

No disturbance to existing infrastructures

INNOVATION: NOVEL TREATMENT TRAIN



THE OXFINITI ADVANTAGE

	FBD/Surface Aeration	Oxfiniti	Oxfiniti Impact
Aeration	Air (21% O ₂)	93% pure O ₂	✓ Only 7% gas wastes energy, FBD = 79%
Power	60–70 Amps	40 Amps Equivalent	 Higher or improved oxygenation level, but at lower power
Aeration type	Air	Super-Oxygenation	✓ Improved use of Oxygen
Modification of Water	None	Reduces Surface	✓ 'Energises' the wastewater
Surface Tension		Tension by 30%+	 Stimulates better oxygen transfer
Bubble Size	Mm/Micro	Nano/molecular	 Billions of sub-micron oxygen (10⁻⁹) particles
			✓ Increased level of dissolved oxygen
			 Oxygen persists in solution for longer (days). Bubbles from FBD/Surface aerators rise quickly to the surface and escape
			✓ Better environment for microbes
O ₂ Basin Retention time	Short	8-12 hours	✓ Works harder for longer
Maintenance	Medium	Low	 Replacement of low cost seals
			✓ Undertaken within the box
Aeration Efficiency α factor	0.25	> 0.9	 Alpha factor significantly reduces with conventional aeration
			 Oxfiniti's alpha factor remains high

