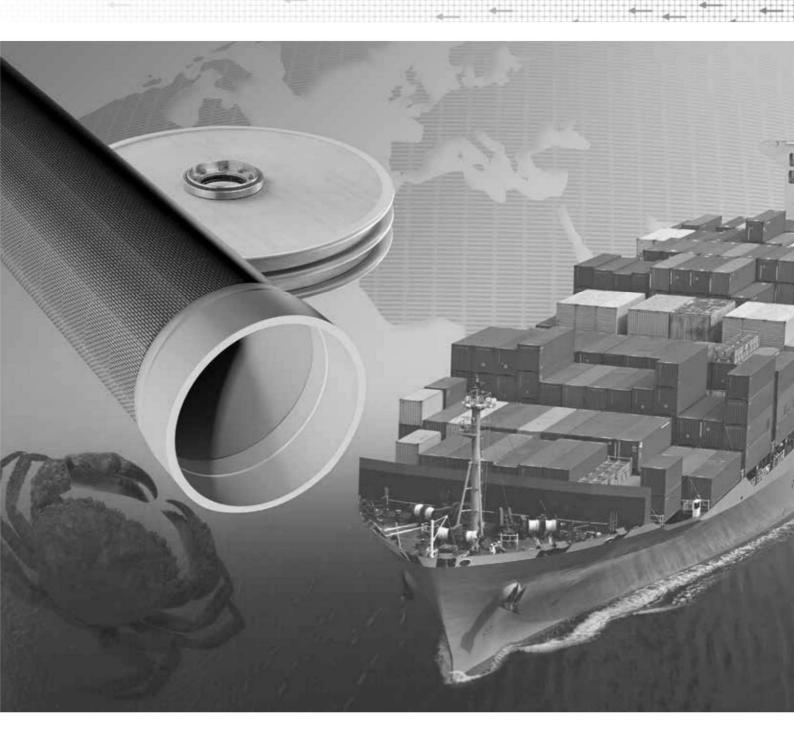


OPTIMIZED FILTRATION MESH FOR BALLAST WATER TREATMENT (BWT) SYSTEMS

FILTER CARTRIDGES + FILTER DISCS



OPTIMIZED WOVEN FILTRATION SOLUTIONS





Filter discs

Filter cartridges

FILTER CARTRIDGES + FILTER DISCS

Manufacturers of Ballast Water Treatment (BWT) systems and filter media suppliers are working in close partnership to design highly permeable, reliable, efficient and cleanable woven filter solutions in order to comply with the International Convention for the Control and Management of ships' ballast water and sediments (BWM). The big challenge is to develop a fail-safe treatment system that is able to handle sea water worldwide under various conditions. A large part of the currently available BWT systems are usually made up of two process steps where the first step is a mechanical separation of organism between 10-60 μ m and the second step, which is the disinfection process. GKD has been focused for the past few years on this mechanical filtration step.

CRITERIA TO GIVE THOUGHTS TO:

– TYPE OF FILTER DESIGN: Filter cartridge or Filter discs - WEAVE PATTERN: Optimized Dutch Weave (ODW), Optimized Reverse Dutch

Weave (ORDW)

- OPENING OF FILTER 10 μ m...60 μ m in various intermediate steps MEDIA:

- ABILITY TO BE CLEANED: Back flushing, back pulsing,

scraping, suction

- FLOW RATE (Permeability): low to high permeability - SEAM DESIGN: Welded, folded or clamped - CONSTRUCTION: Soldered, laid, wrapped, sintered

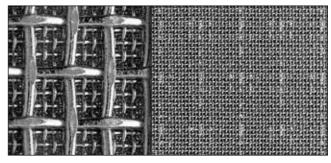
- MATERIAL: Super Duplex (1.4410),

> Hastelloy (2.4602), Monel 400 (2.4360), SS 904L (1.4539),

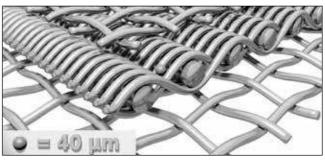
SS 316L (1.4404)

- COATING: Anti-sticking, anti-fouling,

sea water resistance

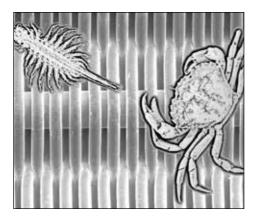


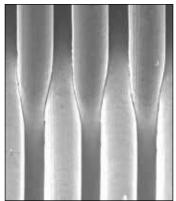
Sintered multilayer mesh construction (Gekuplate™)

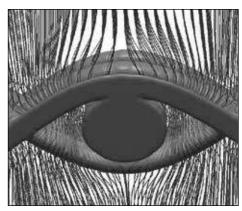


Sample layout of a filter media

BALLAST WATER OPTIMIZED WOVEN FILTER MEDIA







SEM of an ODW

SFM of an ODW

CFD-simulation of an ODW

OPTIMIZED WOVEN FILTRATION MEDIA + LAYOUT OF FILTRATION PACKAGE

Increasing requirements on capacity, cleaning performance as well as cost and energy efficiency are characteristic of the situation in BWT systems worldwide. The result is a growing demand for mechanical seawater cleaning. The standard filter devices used in BWT systems are filter cartridges and filter discs. The reliable separation of fine particles is an absolute prerequisite for trouble free operation. Operating BWT systems face increasing challenges concerning the behavior and size of the organism or particles to be separated and the residual solids content.

Many BWT units require filtration rates between $10 \mu m - 60$ μ m. The Optimized Dutch Weaves (ODW) and Optimized Reverse Dutch Weaves (ORDW) made by GKD are becoming increasingly important here. These surface filtration media allows the internationally leading manufacturer of technical metal woven mesh to offer a successful key to significantly improve flow, quality and efficiency of BWT systems. Due to the limited filter surface in most small BWT systems, filter media combining the necessary fineness with high through-

put rates and long service life are in demand to reach the required throughput. At the same time, they must be easy to clean and free from clogging. Regular backflushing, backpulsing or scraping requires a permanent mechanical strength of the filter medium. However, clearly defined separation limits are crucial for its success. In practice it becomes apparent that not all filter media available on the market meets this requirement, especially in the area of fine filtration with particles or organism $< 50 \,\mu\text{m}$.

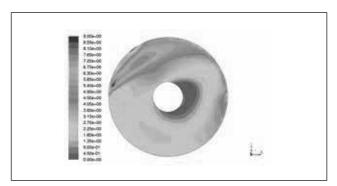
Optimized Dutch Weaves (ODW) and Optimized Reverse Dutch Weaves (ORDW) meet all of the above requirements and are therefore used on a variety of BWT systems in filter discs as well as in filter cartridges. Their high performance is based on the special design of the stainless steel wire mesh. The slot-shaped pore geometries on the surface of the mesh are smaller than the pores inside the mesh, thus particles of the required separation limit are fully separated on top of the wire mesh. In contrast, smaller particles pass through the larger interior pores without any problem and clogging. This is ensured by the good dirt holding capacity of the Optimized Dutch Weaves.

DEVELOPING CUSTOMER SPECIFIC PRODUCTS

COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS + FINITE ELEMENT **METHOD**

When developing a filter media for BWT systems, the task typically is to avoid particles and organism in certain sizes to pass the mechanical filtration process. Wire mesh woven as the filter media has some advantages compared to other filter media. E.g. they offer a high operational capacity at defined pore sizes, depending on the construction of the mesh called "weave pattern".

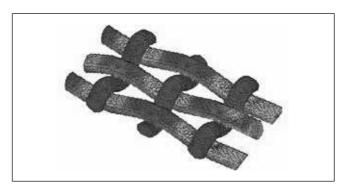
Our in-house research and development activities at GKD focus on optimizing woven wire mesh geometries and the layout of the filter package. Not only single-layer, but also multi-layer woven wire meshes are continuously analyzed to improve not just the permeability, but include other properties, for example mechanical stability. Finite Element Method (FEM) is used to localize critical weak points inside woven wire meshes or filter elements as well. Based on internal CFDsimulations recommendations for an effective cleaning process by e.g. back-flushing or back-pulsing are provided also.



CFD-simulation of a filter disc



CFD-calculated pressure distribution while back-pulsing



FEM-calculation of a woven wire mesh



CFD-calculated fluid path while back-pulsing

CUSTOMER-SPECIFIC WOVEN FILTER SOLUTIONS

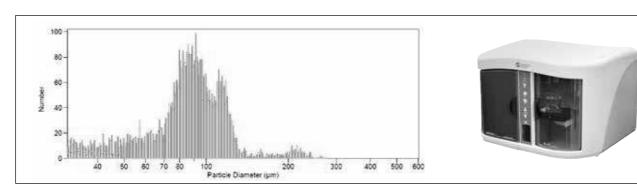
LABORATORY TESTINGS

We perform in-house filtration tests and we recommend cleaning procedures as well. Our filtration test results do not just provide retention rates of particles and organism in certain sizes, but also predict flow rates at various operational pressures. As shown in the laboratory filtration protocol below, it is essential to ensure that not even one particle or relevant organism passes through the mechanical filtration step. Considering that some particles and organism are flexible and squishy, increased emphasis must be placed on choosing the right woven filter media.

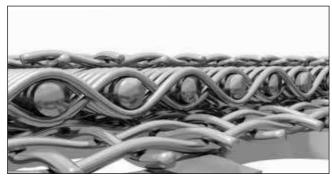
Shown below in red color is the particle or organism distribution of a randomly taken sea water sample containing some Artemia before filtration. This particle measurement is performed according ISO 13319. The blue particle distribution is the same sea water sample after filtration, showing that no particle bigger than 49 μ m has passed the filtration step.

When referring to the term "opening", please ensure that the "absolute opening" is provided; otherwise larger organisms and particles might surprisingly pass the woven filter media.

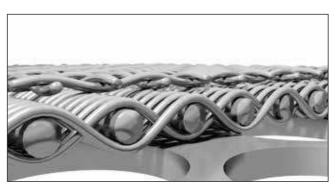
In addition to selecting the correct filter media with a defined absolute opening, the layout of the different layers within the filter package must be selected with care. Shown below on the left side is a filter package with a drainage mesh layer between the perforated plate and the fine filtration mesh to increase the flow rate. The picture on the right shows the same construction, but without drainage woven wire mesh.



Particle measurement of filtered sea water / Particle counter "Multisizer 4"



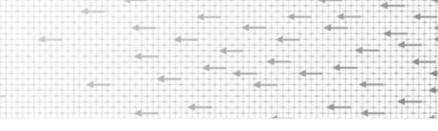
Filter package with a drainage layer



Filter package without a drainage layer



GKD - GEBR. KUFFERATH AG Metallweberstraße 46 52353 Düren Germany T +49 (0) 2421 803 - 0 F +49 (0) 2421 803 - 233 industrialmesh@gkd.de www.gkd.de



GKD-GEBR. KUFFERATH AG

As a privately owned technical weaver, GKD-Gebr. Kufferath AG is the world market leader in metal, synthetic and spiral mesh solutions. Four independent business divisions bundle their expertise under one roof: INDUSTRIAL MESH (woven metal mesh and filter solutions), PROCESS BELTS (belts made of woven mesh and spirals), METALFABRICS (façades, safety and interior design made of metal fabrics) and MEDIAMESH® (transparent media façades). GKD continuously develops new fields of application through its manufacturing technology and process expertise. We use GKD meshes to create efficient systems, equipment and components that are perfectly integrated into our customers' processes across all industrial sectors. GKD is active on the international stage from its headquarters in Germany, five further production sites in the US, South Africa, China, India and Chile, as well as branches in France, Spain, Dubai and representatives all over the world.

BUSINESS UNIT: INDUSTRIAL MESH

State-of-the-art mesh and filter solutions made of metal and plastic wires, as well as technical fibers - for use in all industrial sectors. With innovative web technologies and the latest simulation methods, we develop and produce efficient technical weaves, semi-finished products, components and filter equipment - optimally matched to the most diverse mechanical process engineering requirements. We use our high-level laboratory expertise to continually refine and further optimize our products. Leading manufacturing standards, certified processes and comprehensive testing procedures secure end-toend high quality in all GKD filter media. This approach allows us to produce some of the most reliable, high-performance filter media in the world. Our innovative capacity, many years of experience with application processes and customer proximity, coupled with our cost-focused and user-centered approach, have made GKD the first choice international partner for industrial mesh.

CLOSE TO THE MARKET AROUND THE GLOBE.

- (01) GKD GERMANY, Düren (headquarters)
- 02) GKD FRANCE, La Roque d'Anthéron, Croisilles
- (03) GKD SPAIN, Barcelona
- (04) GKD USA, Cambridge, MD
- (05) GKD LATIN AMERICA, Santiago de Chile
- (06) GKD SOUTH AFRICA, Randfontein
- (07) GKD INDIA, Jaipur
- 08) GKD CHINA, Beijing, Qufu
- (09) GKD MIDDLE EAST, Dubai

